

### **WE ARE NOT THE SAME**

### Africa and The Caribbean

"I've had a White Foster Carer, and then I had a Caribbean Foster Carer, I now have a Ghanian Foster Carer and I think they (Children's Social Care) think that because we are Black, we are the same".

Nigerian Young Person in Foster Care. 1

Black people have a rich cultural heritage that originates from 54 African countries and 34 Caribbean countries.

Knowing this helps Children's Social Care to understand where we come from and where we belong. Knowing this helps the Black Care Experienced have an understanding of their Culture, Identity and Heritage.

# **AFRICA**

Africa is the world's second-largest and second-most populous continent, after Asia.

Made up of 53 countries, it is situated to the south of Europe, between the Atlantic Ocean and the Indian Ocean.





#### **ALGERIA**

Algeria is a North African country with a Mediterranean coastline and a Saharan desert interior.

Official Language: Arabic and Berber



#### **ANGOLA**

Angola is a Southern African nation whose varied terrain encompasses tropical Atlantic beaches, a labyrinthine system of rivers and Sub-Saharan desert that extends across the border into Namibia.



Official Language: Portuguese



#### **BENIN**

Benin, formerly known as Dahomey is in West African.

Official Language: French is the country's official language, while Fon, Yom and Yoruba have the status of national languages



#### **BOTSWANA**

Botswana, is in Southern Africa

Official Language: Setswana is the national language with minor differences in dialect notable around the country. English is the official business language, and it is widely spoken in urban areas with most written communication being in this language.



#### **BURKINA FASO**

Burkina Faso is in West Africa

Official Language: Many local languages are spoken including Mooré and Dioula in addition to the official language which is French.



#### **BURUNDI**

Burundi, officially the Republic of Burundi, is a country in the Great Rift Valley at the junction between the African Great Lakes region and East Africa.



Official Language: Burundi traditionally had two official languages: Kirundi and French. English became the third official language of the country in 2014.



#### **CABO VERDE**

Cape Verde or Cabo Verde, officially the Republic of Cabo Verde, is an archipelago and island country in the central Atlantic Ocean.



Official Language: The official language of the islands is Portuguese, which is used in most written communication, including newspapers; however Creole tends to be used in conversation and it's this you'll hear being used on a day to day basis. Creole is based on African languages but with additions from several European languages.

#### **CAMEROON**

Cameroon is a Central African country of varied terrain and wildlife. Its inland capital, Yaoundé, and its biggest city, the seaport Douala, are transit points to ecotourism sites as well as beach resorts.



Official Language: French and English

#### CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC (CAR)

The Central African Republic is a landlocked country in Central Africa. It is bordered by Chad to the north, Sudan to the northeast, South Sudan to the southeast, the Democratic Republic of the Congo to the south, the Republic of the Congo to the southwest, and Cameroon to the west.



Official Language: French and Sango

#### **CHAD**

Chad, officially the Republic of Chad, is a landlocked country at the crossroads of North and Central Africa. It is bordered by Libya to the north, Sudan to the east, the Central African Republic to the south, Cameroon to the southwest, Nigeria to the southwest, and Niger to the west.



Official Language: Arabic and French

#### **COMOROS**

The Comoros is a volcanic archipelago off Africa's east coast, in the warm Indian Ocean waters of the Mozambique Channel.



Official Language: Comorian, French and Arabic

#### CONGO, DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE

The Democratic Republic of the Congo, also known as Congo-Kinshasa and formerly known as Zaire, is a country in Central Africa bordered to the west by the South Atlantic Ocean.



Official Language: While French is the official language and widely used in education and government, there are four national languages: Kituba (Kikongo), Lingala, Swahili, and Tshiluba.

#### CONGO, REPUBLIC OF THE

The Republic of the Congo also known as Congo-Brazzaville, is a country located on the western coast of Central Africa to the west of the Congo River.



Official Language: French is the official language and widely used in education and government, there are four national languages: Kikongo (Kituba), Lingala, Swahili, and Tshiluba.

#### COTE D'IVOIRE

Côte d'Ivoire is a West African country with beach resorts, rainforests and a French-colonial legacy. Abidjan, on the Atlantic coast, is the country's major urban centre.



Official Language: The official language of the republic is French, with local indigenous languages also being widely used that include Baoulé, Dioula, Dan, Anyin, and Cebaara Senufo.



#### **DJIBOUTI**

Djibouti, on the Horn of Africa, is a country of dry shrublands, volcanic formations and Gulf of Aden beaches. The nomadic Afar people have settlements along Lake Abbe, a body of saltwater featuring chimneylike mineral formations.



Official Language: The languages of Djibouti include Afar, Arabic, Somali and French

### E

#### **EGYPT**

Egypt is located in the north-eastern corner of Africa. It's officially known as the Arab Republic of Egypt and the official religion is Islam.



Official Language: Arabic

#### **EQUATORIAL GUINEA**

Equatorial Guinea is a country on the west coast of Central Africa. The principal religion in Equatorial Guinea is Christianity, the faith of 93% of the population.



Official Language: Spanish, French and Portuguese

#### **ERITREA**

Officially the State of Eritrea, is a country in the Horn of Africa region of Eastern Africa. It is bordered by Ethiopia in the south, Sudan in the west, and Djibouti in the southeast.



Official Language: Nine different languages are spoken. The most widely spoken language is Tigrinya, the languages are Tigre, Saho, Kunama, Nara, Afar, Beja, Bilen and Arabic.

#### **ESWATINI**

Formally named as Swaziland, Eswatini is a landlocked country in Southern Africa. It is bordered by Mozambique to its northeast and South Africa to its north, west, south, and southeast.



Official Language: Swazi and English

#### **ETHIOPIA**

Ethiopia officially the Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia, is a landlocked country located in the Horn of Africa. Ethiopia is a multi-ethnic state with over 80 different ethnic groups. Christianity is the most widely professed faith in the country, with significant minorities of the adherents of Islam and a small percentage to traditional faiths.



**Official Language:** Afar, Amharic, Oromo, Somali and Tigrinya



#### **GABON**

Gabon is a country on the west coast of Central Africa. Located on the equator, it is bordered by Equatorial Guinea to the northwest, Cameroon to the north, the Republic of the Congo on the east and south, and the Gulf of Guinea to the west.



Religions practised in Gabon include Christianity, Islam, and traditional indigenous religious beliefs.

Official Language: French

#### **GAMBIA**

The Gambia is a country in West Africa. It is the smallest country within mainland Africa and is surrounded by Senegal, except for its western coast on the Atlantic Ocean.



Gambia is a Muslim majority country.

#### **GHANA**

Ghana is a country in West Africa. It shares borders with Ivory Coast in the west, Burkina Faso in the north, and Togo in the east.



Ghana is a multi-ethnic country. Most Ghanaians are Christians and almost a fifth are Muslims.

Official Language: English

#### **GUINEA**

Guinea is a coastal country in West Africa. It borders the Atlantic Ocean to the west, Guinea-Bissau to the northwest, Senegal to the north, Mali to the northeast, Cote d'Ivoire to the southeast, and Sierra Leone and Liberia to the south.



The population of Guinea are mostly Muslim.

Official Language: French

#### **GUINEA-BISSAU**

Guinea-Bissau is a country in West Africa. It borders Senegal to its north and Guinea to its southeast.



Guinea-Bissau is the only Portuguese-speaking country in which Islam is the predominant religion.

Official Language: Portuguese



#### **KENYA**

Kenya is a country in East Africa and is the third-largest economy in sub-Saharan Africa after Nigeria and South Africa.



Most Kenyans are Christian, the second largest religion is Islam.

Official Language: Swahili and English



#### **LESOTHO**

Lesotho, is a country landlocked as an enclave in South Africa. It is situated in the Maloti Mountains and contains the highest mountains in Southern Africa.



The population of Lesotho is estimated to be more than 95% Christian. Among these estimations, Protestants account for 18.2% of the population, Pentecostals 15.4%, Anglicans 5.3%, and other Christians an additional 1.8%.

Official Language: Sesotho and English

#### LIBERIA

Liberia is officially the Republic of Liberia, is a country on the West African coast. It is bordered by Sierra Leone to its northwest, Guinea to its north, Ivory Coast to its east, and the Atlantic Ocean to its south and southwest.



The major religion practiced in Liberia is Christianity.

#### LIBYA

Libya officially the State of Libya is a country in the Maghreb region in North Africa. It is bordered by the Mediterranean Sea to the north, Egypt to the east, Sudan to the southeast, Chad to the south, Niger to the southwest, Algeria to the west, and Tunisia to the northwest.



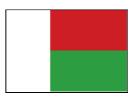
The official religion of Libya is Islam.

Official Language: Arabic



#### **MADAGASCAR**

Madagascar is an island country lying off the southeastern coast of Africa. It is the world's fourth largest island, the second-largest island country and the 46th largest country in the world.



Official Language: Malagasy and French

#### **MALAWI**

Malawi is a landlocked country in southeastern Africa. It is bordered by Zambia to the west, Tanzania to the north and northeast, and Mozambique to the east, south and southwest.



Malawi is a majority Christian country, with a significant Muslim minority.

#### **MALI**

Mali is a country in West Africa. The country's southern part is in the Sudanian savanna, where the majority of inhabitants live, and both the Niger and Senegal rivers pass through.



The major religion in Mali is Islam.

Official Language: French

#### **MAURITANIA**

Mauritania is a sovereign country in Northwest Africa. Mauritania is culturally and politically part of the Arab world; it is a member of the Arab League and Arabic is the sole official language.



The official religion is Islam, and almost all inhabitants are Sunni Muslims.

Official Language: Arabic

#### **MAURITIUS**

Mauritius is an island nation in the Indian Ocean off the southeast coast of the African continent, east of Madagascar.



Mauritian population follows Hinduism, followed by Christianity (32.7%), out of which 26.3% are Catholic, Islam (17.2%) and other religions (0.7%). 0.7% reported themselves as non-religious and 0.1% did not answer.

Official Language: English and French

#### **MOROCCO**

Morocco is a country in the Maghreb region of Northwestern Africa.

It overlooks the Mediterranean Sea to the north and the Atlantic Ocean to the west, and has land borders with Algeria to the east, and the disputed territory of Western Sahara to the south.

Official Language: Arabic and Amazigh



#### **MOZAMBIQUE**

Mozambique is a country located in southeastern Africa bordered by the Indian Ocean to the east, Tanzania to the north, Malawi and Zambia to the northwest, Zimbabwe to the west, and Eswatini and South Africa to the southwest.



Official Language: Portuguese, recognised regional languages Makhuwa, Sena, Tsonga, Lomwe, Changana

### N

#### **NAMIBIA**

Namibia, is a country in Southern Africa. Its western border is the Atlantic Ocean. It shares land borders with Zambia and Angola to the north, Botswana to the east and South Africa to the south and east.



The major religion in Namibia is Christianity.

Official Language: English, recognised national languages Afrikaans, German, Otjiherero, Khoekhoegowab, Oshiwambo, RuKwangali, Setswana, siLozi

#### **NIGER**

Niger is a country in West Africa.

It is a unitary state bordered by Libya to the northeast, Chad to the east, Nigeria to the south, Benin and Burkina Faso to the southwest, Mali to the west, and Algeria to the northwest. Islam is the most dominant religion.

Official Language: French

#### **NIGERIA**

Nigeria, is a country in West Africa. Nigeria borders Niger in the north, Chad in the northeast, Cameroon in the east, and Benin in the west.

Nigeria is a multinational state inhabited by more than 250 ethnic groups speaking 500 distinct languages, all identifying with a wide variety of cultures.





#### **RWANDA**

Rwanda is a country in the Great Rift Valley of Central Africa, where the African Great Lakes region and Southeast Africa converge.

Rwanda is one of the least developed countries. Its economy is based mostly on subsistence agriculture. The largest faith in Rwanda is Protestantism, but there have been significant changes in the nation's religious demographics since the genocide, with many conversions to evangelical Christianity, and, to a lesser degree, Islam.

Official Language: Kinyarwanda, French, English, Swahil





### S

#### SAO TOME AND PRINCIPE

São Tomé and Príncipe is an island country in the Gulf of Guinea, off the western equatorial coast of Central Africa. It's the second-smallest and second-least populous African sovereign state after Seychelles.



The people of São Tomé and Príncipe are predominantly of African and mestiço descent, with most practicing Catholicism.

Official Language: Portuguese

#### SENEGAL

Senegal is a country in West Africa, on the Atlantic Ocean coastline. Senegal is bordered by Mauritania to the north, Mali to the east, Guinea to the southeast and Guinea-Bissau to the southwest.



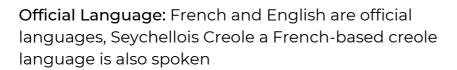
Islam is the predominant religion in the country, practiced by 96.6% of the country's population.

Official Language: French

#### **SEYCHELLES**

Seychelles consists of 115 islands in the Indian Ocean.

Most people in Seychelles are Christians, the second largest religion is Hinduism.





#### SIERRA LEONE

Sierra Leone is a country on the southwest coast of West Africa. It shares its southeastern border with Liberia, and the northern half is surrounded by Guinea.

Sierra Leone is officially a secular state. Islam and Christianity are the two main religions in the country.

Official Language: English

#### **SOMALIA**

Somalia is a country in the Horn of Africa. The country is bordered by Ethiopia to the west, Djibouti to the northwest, the Gulf of Aden to the north, the Indian Ocean to the east, and Kenya to the southwest.



Somalia has the longest coastline on Africa's mainland. Somalia's population is Muslim.

Official Language: Somali and Arabic

#### **SOUTH AFRICA**

South Africa is the southernmost country in Africa. It is bounded to the south along the South Atlantic and Indian Oceans. To the north by the neighbouring countries of Namibia, Botswana, and Zimbabwe; and to the east and northeast by Mozambique and Eswatini.



Official Language: There are 12 languages, Zulu, Xhosa, Afrikaans, English, Sepedi, Swazi, Sesotho, Setswana, Xitsonga, Tshivenda, Ndebele and South African Sign Language

#### **SUDAN**

Sudan is a country in Northeast Africa. It borders the Central African Republic to the southwest, Chad to the west, Egypt to the north, Eritrea to the northeast, Ethiopia to the southeast, Libya to the northwest, South Sudan to the south, and the Red Sea.

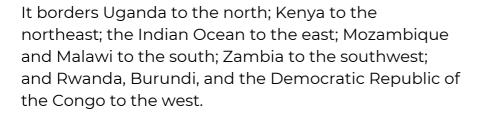


Official Language: Arabic and English



#### **TANZANIA**

Tanzania is a country in East Africa within the African Great Lakes region.



Official Language: Swahili and English



#### **TOGO**

Togo is a country in West Africa. It is bordered by Ghana to the west, Benin to the east and Burkina Faso to the north.

It is one of the least developed countries and extends south to the Gulf of Guinea, where its capital, Lomé, is located.

Official Language: French. Other recognised national languages include Ewe and Kabiye



#### **TUNISIA**

Tunisia is the northern most country in Africa. It is a part of the Maghreb region of North Africa, bordered by Algeria to the west and southwest, Libya to the southeast, and the Mediterranean Sea to the north and east.



Tunisia's constitution declares Islam as the official state religion.

Official Language: Arabic



#### **UGANDA**

Uganda is a country in East Africa. The country is bordered to the east by Kenya, to the north by South Sudan, to the west by the Democratic Republic of the Congo, to the south-west by Rwanda, and to the south by Tanzania.



The major religion of Uganda is Christianity.

Official Language: English and Swahili



#### **ZAMBIA**

Zambia, is a landlocked country at the crossroads of Central, Southern and East Africa, and is typically referred to as being in Southern Africa at its most central point.



#### **ZIMBABWE**

Zimbabwe, is a landlocked country in Southern Africa, between the Zambezi and Limpopo Rivers, bordered by South Africa to the south, Botswana to the southwest, Zambia to the north, and Mozambique to the east.



The major religion in Zimbabwe is Christianity.

Official Language: There are 16 official languages spoken Chewa, Chibarwe, English, Kalanga, Koi-san, Nambya, Ndau, Ndebele, Shangani, Shona, Sign Language, Sotho, Tonga, Tswana, Venda, Xhosa

## **CARIBBEAN**

Caribbean is made up of 34 countries located in the Caribbean Sea.

The Caribbean Sea is a region of the Atlantic Ocean between North America and South America and east of Central America.





#### **ANGUILLA**

Anguilla is located east of Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands and directly north of Saint Martin.

Christianity is Anguilla's predominant religion.

Official Language: English



#### ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA

Antigua and Barbuda is an independent Commonwealth country comprising its two namesake islands and several smaller ones.



It's located in Eastern Caribbean.

Official Language: English, also spoken on the island is Antiguan and Barbudan Creole

#### **ARUBA**

Aruba is a constituent country of the Kingdom of the Netherlands. It's located in the mid-south of the Caribbean Sea.



It's predominant religion is Christianity.

Official Language: Dutch and Papiamento (Portugueseand Spanish-based creole language)

## B

#### THE BAHAMAS

The Bahamas is made up of over 700 coral islands. It sits in the West Atlantic Ocean, south-east of Florida and north-east of Cuba.



The major religion of Bahamas is Christianity.

Official Language: English

#### **BARBADOS**

Barbados is located east of St. Lucia and St. Vincent and the Grenadines, south-east of Martinique and north-east of Trinidad and Tobago.



Barbados is the 13th smallest country in the world.

Official Language: English

#### **BONAIRE**

Bonaire is a Dutch island in the Leeward Antilles in the Caribbean Sea. It lies north of Venezuelan coast and east of Curação.



Christianity is the predominant religion of Bonaire.

Official Language: Dutch, and Papiamento (Portugueseand Spanish-based creole language) is a recognised regional language

#### THE BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS

The British Virgin Islands is a British Overseas Territory in the Caribbean. It lies to the east of Puerto Rico and the US Virgin Islands and north-west of Anguilla.



### C

#### **CAYMAN ISLANDS**

The Cayman Islands is a self-governing British Overseas Territory, and the largest by population. It is made up of three islands of Grand Cayman, Cayman Brac and Little Cayman,



It is located to the south of Cuba and northeast of Honduras, between Jamaica and Mexico's Yucatán Peninsula.

Official Language: English

#### **CUBA**

Cuba is located where the northern Caribbean Sea, Gulf of Mexico, and Atlantic Ocean meet. It is located east of the Mexico, south of both the American state of Florida and the Bahamas, west of Haiti/Dominican Republic, and north of both Jamaica and the Cayman Islands.



**Official Language:** Spanish, with Haitian Creole and English as recognised languages

### **CURAÇAO**

Curação is north of the Venezuela coast. Together with Aruba and Bonaire, it forms the ABC islands of the Dutch Caribbean.



It is the largest of the ABC islands in both area and population as well as the largest island in Dutch Caribbean.

Official Language: Papiamento, Dutch and English

### D

#### **DOMINICA**

Dominica is an island in the Eastern Caribbean Sea, located to northwest of Guadeloupe and southeast of Martinique.



The island of Dominica is predominantly Christian.

Official Language: Dominican Creole and English

#### DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

Dominican Republic is a country located on the island of Hispaniola. It occupies the eastern five-eighths of the island, which it shares with Haiti, making it one of the only two Caribbean islands, along with Saint Martin, that is shared by two sovereign states.



The Turks and Caicos Islands are located to the north of the island, Colombia lies to the south.

Official Language: Spanish



#### THE FEDERAL DEPENDENCIES OF VENEZUELA

The Federal Dependencies of Venezuela includes most of Venezuela's offshore islands in the Caribbean Sea and the Gulf of Venezuela.



The federal dependencies are composed of 600 islands and smaller formations.

Official Language: Spanish

### G

#### **GRENADA**

Grenada consists of the island of Grenada itself, two smaller islands, Carriacou and Petite Martinique, and several small islands which lie to the north of the main island and are a part of the Grenadines.



It is located northwest of Trinidad and Tobago, northeast of Venezuela and southwest of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines.

Official Language: English, other recognised regional languages include Grenadian Creole

#### **GUADELOUPE**

Guadeloupe is a group of more than 12 islands, as well as islets and rocks situated where the northeastern Caribbean Sea meets the western Atlantic Ocean.



It lies to the north of Antigua and Barbuda and the British Overseas Territory of Montserrat, with Dominica lying to the south.

Official Language: French, also spoken is Guadeloupean Creole, a French-based creole language



#### **HAITI**

Haiti lies east of Cuba and Jamaica, and south of The Bahamas and the Turks and Caicos Islands.

To its south-west lies the small Navassa Island.



Haiti is the third largest country in the Caribbean by area.

Official Language: French and Haitian Creole

#### **JAMAICA**

Jamaica is an island in the Caribbean Sea. Jamaica lies south of Cuba, west of Haiti and the Dominican Republic and north west of the Cayman Islands.



Christianity is the largest religion practised in Jamaica.

Official Language: English



#### **MARTINIQUE**

Martinique is directly north of Saint Lucia, northwest of Barbados and south of Dominica.

The major religion on the island is Christianity.

Official Language: French



#### **MONTSERRAT**

Montserrat is an island in the Caribbean. It lies south-west of Antigua, south-east of Redonda (a small island owned by Antigua and Barbuda), and north-west of the French overseas region of Guadeloupe.



The primary religion of Monserrat is Christianity.

## N

#### **NUEVA ESPARTA**

The Nueva Esparta State is one of the 23 states of Venezuela. It comprises Margarita Island, Coche, and the largely uninhabited Cubagua.



The main religion of the island is Christianity.

Official Language: Spanish



#### **PUERTO RICO**

Puerto Rico is located in the northeast Caribbean Sea, southeast of Florida, between the Dominican Republic and the U.S. Virgin Islands. It includes main island and several smaller islands, such as Mona, Culebra, and Vieques.



Official Language: Spanish and English

### S

#### SABA

Saba is a Caribbean island and the smallest special public body of the Netherlands. It lies to the southeast of the Virgin Islands.



Together with Bonaire and Sint Eustatius it forms the BES islands, also known as the Caribbean Netherlands.

**Official Language:** Dutch, and English is a recognised language

#### SAN ANDRÉS, PROVIDENCIA AND SANTA CATALINA

It consists of two island groups in the Caribbean Sea northwest of Colombia. The largest of the groups of islands is San Andrés. The other large islands are Providencia and Santa Catalina Islands which lie to the north-east of San Andrés.

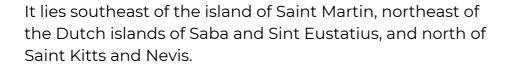


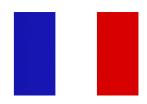
The main religion on these islands is Christianity.

Official Language: Creole, English and Spanish

#### SAINT BARTHÉLEMY

Saint Barthélemy is an overseas division of France in the Caribbean.





Official Language: Spanish and English

#### SAINT KITTS AND NEVIS

Saint Kitts and Nevis is a country consisting of the two islands of Saint Kitts and Nevis.

Its located to the north-northwest of Saint Barthélemy, Saint-Martin and Anguilla, to the east and northeast of Antigua and Barbuda, and to the southeast of Redonda (part of Antigua and Barbuda) and the island of Montserrat.



The smaller island of Nevis is southeast of Saint Kitts.

#### SAINT LUCIA

Saint Lucia is north/northeast of the island of Saint Vincent, northwest of Barbados and south of Martinique.

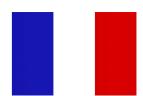


The majority of the population of Saint Lucia are Christian.

Official Language: English, other recognised languages include St. Lucian Creole

#### SAINT MARTIN

Saint Martin is an an overseas collectivity of France in the Caribbean. It comprises of two separate countries, divided between its northern French side, called Saint-Martin, and its southern Dutch side, Sint Maarten.



The majority of the inhabitants of the island of St. Martin are Christians.

Official Language: French

#### SAINT VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES

Saint Vincent and the Grenadines its located at the southern end of the eastern border of the Caribbean Sea. To the north of Saint Vincent lies Saint Lucia, to the east is Barbados, and Grenada lies to the south.



The majority of the inhabitants of the island identify as Christian.

#### SINT EUSTATIUS

Sint Eustatius is a public body of the Netherlands.

It is part of the Dutch Caribbean, which consists of Aruba, Bonaire, Curaçao, Saba, Sint Eustatius, and Sint Maarten. Together with Bonaire and Saba, it forms the BES Islands, also referred to as the Caribbean Netherlands.



Official Language: English and Dutch

#### SAINT MARTIN

Sint Maarten is a constituent country of the Kingdom of the Netherlands. It is the southern side of the divided island of Saint Martin. The northern side is the French overseas collective of Saint Martin.



Sint Maarten and the other Dutch islands in the Caribbean are often called the Dutch Caribbean.

Official Language: English and Dutch

#### TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

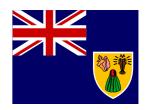
Trinidad and Tobago is the southernmost island country in the Caribbean. Consisting of the main islands
Trinidad and Tobago, and numerous smaller islands.



Grenada lies to its northwest, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines to the north and Venezuela to the south and west.

#### **TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS**

Turks and Caicos islands is a British Overseas Territory consisting of the larger Caicos Islands and smaller Turks Islands, two groups of tropical islands in northern West Indies.



The islands are southeast of Mayaguana in the Bahamas island chain and north of the island of Hispaniola (Haiti and the Dominican Republic).

Official Language: English



#### UNITED STATES VIRGIN ISLANDS

Officially known as the Virgin Islands of the United States. The U.S. Virgin Islands consist of the main islands of Saint Croix, Saint John, and Saint Thomas and 50 other surrounding minor islands and small sandy island.



It is located east of Puerto Rico, in the northeastern Caribbean Sea.

